### Keep More of YOUR Money!

## Avoid check cashing and pay day lending costs!

The average family with NO bank account will spend **\$400 on check cashing costs in one year!** 

Pay day lending can seem like a quick fix BUT average interest rates can be up to 400% when calculated annually. This means on just a \$100 loan, you would spend \$400 in interest and fees over the course of one year!

#### **Banks Are Safe!**

Did you know that the majority of bank accounts are FDIC Insured? This means that anyone's money in these accounts is protected by insurance backed by the federal government\*.

Since 1934, NO ONE has ever lost money deposited in an FDIC insured account.

### Look for the words, **"FDIC Insured"** at your bank!

\*Visit www.fdic.gov for information on limits on very large amounts. Credit union accounts may be insured by the National Credit Union Association.



## **B**anks can help protect your family.

**1.** A regular savings plan helps with emergencies such as car repairs, medical costs, etc.

**2.** Money for food or rent is safe (from theft or loss) in a bank account.

**3.** Carrying a large amount of cash can make you a target for crime.

**4.** Depositing your earnings in a bank will avoid check cashing and pay day lending costs.

#### "I have learned that SAVING will SAVE ME!"

#### Be a smart consumer. Select your bank account wisely\*.

#### Look for accounts with:

FDIC Insurance
 Low minimum
 No or low fees
 Interest
 Convenience (avoid ATM fees, etc.)

#### \*Savings or checking account?:

Checking accounts have more options but are a big responsibility. You have to be very careful not to run out of funds in your account or overdraw. Having some money in a savings account can help to avoid this. Start with savings!

Learn more at econcouncil.org.

# What do you need to open your account?

The requirements vary, but generally, you will need to provide a deposit (amount varies), your name, birth date, address and an identification number\*.

#### Your identification number can come from:

Social Security Card
Matricula Consular or other consular card
Passport (U.S. or foreign)
Temporary resident permit or Alien Identification Card

\*To open an account that earns interest, you will need a Social Security Number or Individual Tax Identification Number (ITIN). **Visit www.ssa.gov for more information.** You may be asked to bring a piece of mail such as a utility bill to show proof of address.

You will also need a **photo ID**, generally one issued by a state or federal government office such as: • Passport (U.S. or foreign)

State ID or Drivers License

#### – Bank Terms <mark>YOU</mark> Should Know! -

Bank Account - An account or fund at a bank in which you keep your money Account Number - An identification number for your bank account Routing Number - An identification number for your bank Deposit - To put money in your bank account Withdraw - To take money out of your bank account.

Minimum Balance - The least amount of money that you can keep in your account without extra fees. Service Charge - A fee that may be charged by the bank. Ask the banker about these.

Interest - A small amount of money that the bank gives you in return for keeping your money there. FDIC (Federal Depository Insurance Corporation) - An independent insurance corporation started in 1933 to protect bank customers. No one has ever lost money in an FDIC insured account. **Plan** to Save How can you make the most of every dollar?

1. Take 30 days and track your spending – every penny! You might be surprised how much you spend.

 2. Sit down with everyone in your house to make a family spending plan.
 3. Set a savings goal and celebrate when you

reach your goal.

#### Little Changes Save Big!

Bring a sack lunch to work and save over \$1500 on average over the year. Make your coffee at home and save over \$600/year on average.

> "It feels good to have \$60 extra at the end of the month."

#### Tracking Your Spending –

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For **FREE** financial education classes about budgeting and credit, contact us at info@econcouncil.org. For online resources, visit: www.econcouncil.org, www.moneysmartweek.org, and www.americasaves.org